The Yampa River Leafy Spurge Project (YRLSP) was created in 2015 by a diverse group of people representing agencies, organizations and individuals in Moffat and Routt Counties who are concerned about leafy spurge infestation along the Yampa River corridor.

The infestation, which was once concentrated in a 15mile region of the Yampa River riparian areas in western Routt County and has eastern Moffat County, now spread along the Yampa River and into Dinosaur National Monument. It is being observed in Little Yampa Canyon as well as along irrigation ditches and tributaries of the Yampa River.

The YRLSP goal is to combat the leafy spurge infestation in the Yampa River Watershed.



# YAMPA RIVER LEAFY SPURGE PROJECT PARTNERS

Moffat County
Routt County
Colorado First Conservation District
Colorado Parks and Wildlife
Colorado State Land Board
Concerned Citizens
CSU Routt County Extension
CSU Moffat County Extension
Community Agriculture Alliance
Dinosaur National Monument
Friends of the Yampa
Little Snake Field Office BLM
Private Landowners
Natural Resource Conservation
Service

The Nature Conservancy

Yampa River System Legacy Partnership

## **LEAFY SPURGE**



## WHEN YOU SEE IT, REPORT IT

YAMPA RIVER LEAFY SPURGE PROJECT

## MOFFAT COUNTY WEED AND PEST MANAGEMENT

Jesse Schroeder, Manager 970-824-9180

jschroeder@moffatcounty.net

-or-

#### **ROUTT COUNTY WEED PROGRAM**

Tiffany Carlson, Supervisor 970-870-5246

tcarlson@co.routt.co.us

#### Visit:

yampariverleafyspurgeproject.com

#### **CHARACTERISTICS of LEAFY SPURGE (Euphorbia virgata)**

- The plant is one of the first to emerge in the spring
- \* The flowers are very small, yellowish-green and are enclosed by very visible yellowish-green, heart-shaped bracts
- Flower clusters develop 1 to 2 weeks after stem emergence
- Stems are smooth, pale green, and thickly clustered
- Leaves are alternate, narrow, linear and 1-4 inches long
- The entire plant contains white, milky sap that exudes readily upon stem or leaf breakage
- The plant spreads by creeping roots, seeds and rhizomes.
- ❖ The roots can be as deep as 30 feet and are extremely wide-spread. They are brown and contain numerous pink buds that generally produce new shoots or roots
- ❖ The plant grows 1-3 feet in height
- One large leafy spurge plant can produce up to 130,000 seeds. Three-sided seed capsules explode when ripe and project the seeds up to 15 feet away from the parent plant

#### WHY BE CONCERNED?

- ❖ Leafy Spurge is an extremely invasive, deep-rooted, non-native perennial plant
- Leafy Spurge adapts to a large variety of habitats
- Leafy Spurge competes with native and other desirable species for food, space and water
- ❖ Infested land decreases agricultural productivity by as much as 50%
- Infested land displaces wildlife habitat and food sources
- Leafy Spurge is toxic to cattle and horses
- \* Riparian areas and water quality are negatively impacted due to lack of diversity
- Disturbed areas such as cleared land, roadsides, construction sites and gravel pits are susceptible
- Real Estate is devalued





